Air Quality	Purpose	Status
United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (1997) (Official Gazette Date: 24 May 2004)	The Convention seeks to reduce climate change. / The Project will generate emissions that may contribute to climate change.	Accession
Convention for the Protection of the Ozone Layer (Vienna, 1985) (Official Gazette Date: 08 Sep1990)	To ensure global co-operation for the protection of the ozone Layer. / The Project should aim to reduce or eliminate emissions of manmade ozone depleting substances.	Accession
Protocol to the United Nations Framework on Climate Change (Kyoto Protocol), 1997	The Protocol introduces emission targets. / The Project will should aim to reduce emissions that will form part of Turkey's total emissions output.	Accession
Biodiversity		
Convention on Biological Diversity (Rio, 1992) (Official Gazette Date: 27 Dec 1996)	The Convention promotes conservation of biological diversity and sustainable use of its components. / Project construction could impact habitats.	Ratified
Convention on the Conservation of European Wildlife and Natural Habitats (Berne, 1979) (Official Gazette Date: 12 Jul 1995)	To ensure conservation of wild flora and fauna species and their habitats. Special attention is given to endangered and vulnerable species, including endangered and vulnerable migratory species specified in appendices. / Project construction could impact habitats.	Accession
International Convention for the Protection of Birds (Paris, 1950) (Official Gazette Date: 17 Dec 1966)	To protect birds in the wild state, considering that in the interests of science, the protection of nature and the economy of each nation, all birds should as a matter of principle be protected. / The Project may have impacts on bird species.	Ratified
Labour		
International Labour Standards (ILO) Convention (No.29) on Forced Labour (30 Oct 1998)	The Convention adopts proposals to eliminate forced or compulsory labour. / The Project will need to employ people and recognise these principles.	In force
ILO Convention (No. 87) on Freedom of Association and Protection of the Right to Organize (12 Jul 1993)	The Convention adopts freedom of association and protection of the right to organize.	In force
ILO Convention (No.98) on the Right to Organize and Collective Bargaining (23 Jan 1952)	The Convention adopts right to organize and collective bargaining.	In force
ILO Convention (No.100) on Equal Remuneration (19 Jul 1967)	The Convention adopts proposals on the principle of equal remuneration for men and women for work of equal value. / The Project will need to employ people and recognise these principles.	In force

Air Quality	Purpose	Status
ILO Convention (No.105) on the Abolition of Forced Labour (29 Mar 1961)	The Convention stipulates that all parties shall eliminate and will not make use of any form of	In force
	compulsory or forced labour. / The Project will need to employ people and recognise these principles.	
ILO Convention (No.111) on Discrimination (Employment and Occupation) (19 Jul 1967)	The Convention promotes equality of opportunity and treatment in employment and occupation. / The Project will need to employ people and recognise these principles.	In force
ILO Convention (No.138) on Minimum Age (of Employment) (30 Oct 1998)	The Convention pursues the abolition of child labour and increases the minimum age for admission to employment. / The Project will need to employ people and recognise these principles.	In force
ILO Convention (No. 182) on the Worst Forms of Child Labour (02 Aug 2001)	The Convention obliges parties to take effective measures to prohibit and eliminate the worst forms of child labour. / The Project will need to employ people and recognise these principles.	In force
United Nations (UN) Convention on the Rights of the Child, Article 32.1	The aim of the Convention is to set standards for the defence of children against the neglect and abuse they face to varying degrees in all countries every day and it allows for different cultural, political and material realities among states with the most important consideration being the best interest of the child. / The project will adhere to these standards in regards to local project affected communities.	Ratified
UN Convention on the Protection of the Rights of all Migrant Workers and Members of their Families, 1990	Aims at guaranteeing equality of treatment, and the same working conditions for migrants and nationals. / The Project will need to employ people and recognise these principles.	Ratified
Socio-Economic and Human Rights		
International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights, 1966 (23 Sep 2003)	The Convention promotes equal rights of men and women to enjoy all economic, social and cultural rights. / The Project will need to employ people and recognise these principles.	Ratified
UN Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women, 1979 (20 Dec 1985)	The Convention sets out agenda to end discrimination against women. / The Project will need to employ people and recognise principles of equality of men and women.	Accession

Air Quality	Purpose	Status
UN Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities, 2006 (28 Sep 2009)	The Convention promotes non-discrimination and equality of opportunity. / The Project will need to employ people and recognise these principles.	Ratified
International Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination, 1966 (16 Sep 2002)	The Convention undertakes to eliminate racial discrimination in all its forms and promote understanding. / The Project will need to employ people and recognise these principles.	Ratified
European Convention for the Protection of Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms, 1950 (18 May 1954)	The Convention is designed to protect human rights and fundamental freedoms in Europe. / The Project will need to employ people and recognise these principles.	Ratified
Supplementary Convention on the Abolition of Slavery, the Slave Trade, and Institutions and Practices Similar to Slavery (17 Jul 1964)	The Convention bans debt bondage, serfdom, early and servile marriage and child servitude. / The Project will need to employ people and recognise these principles.	Ratified
UN Covenant on Civil and Political Rights (23 Sep 2003)	The Covenant commits its parties to respect the civil and political rights of individuals, including the right to life, freedom of religion, freedom of speech, freedom of assembly, electoral rights and rights to due process and a fair trial. / The Project will need to employ people and recognise these principles.	Ratified
Cultural Heritage		
European Convention for Protection of Archaeological Heritage (Valletta Treaty, 1992) (Official Gazette Date: 8 Aug 1999)	States that a governmental legal system is required for the protection of archaeological heritage. / There may be disturbance to archaeological sites in the Project Area.	Ratified
Convention Concerning the Protection of the World Cultural and Natural Heritage (Paris, 1972) (Official Gazette Date: 14 Feb 1983)	The Convention confirms the protection and preservation of world's cultural and natural heritage. / There may be disturbance to cultural/natural heritage sites in the Project Area.	Ratified
European Cultural Convention (1954) (10 Oct 1957)	To develop mutual understanding among the peoples of Europe and reciprocal appreciation of their cultural diversity, to safeguard European culture, to promote national contributions to Europe's common cultural heritage respecting the same fundamental values. / There may be disturbance to cultural/natural heritage sites in the Project Area.	Ratified

Air Quality	Purpose	Status
European Convention on Offences relating to Cultural Property (1985) (26 Sep 1985)	Promotes the safeguard and protection of Europe's heritage from pillage, theft, destruction, illegal transfer, and any other unlawful activity. / There may be disturbance to cultural/natural heritage sites in the Project Area.	Signature
European Convention for the Protection of the Architectural Heritage of Europe (Granada Convention, 1985) (11 October 1989, entered into force 1 Feb 1990)	Reinforces and promotes policies for conserving and enhancing Europe's heritage. Affirms the need for European solidarity with regard to heritage conservation and fosters practical cooperation among the parties. / There may be disturbance to cultural/natural heritage sites in the Project Area.	Ratified
United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO) Convention for the Protection of Cultural Property in the Event of Armed Conflict with Regulations for the Execution of the Convention (The Hague Convention, 1954) (15 Dec 1965)	To ensure that cultural property and goods are protected during times of war and/or armed conflict through the adoption and use of protective signage. / There may be disturbance to cultural/natural heritage sites in the Project Area.	Accession
UNESCO Convention on the Means of Prohibiting and Preventing the Illicit Import, Export and Transfer of Ownership of Cultural Property (Convention on Cultural Property, 1970) (21 Apr 1981)	Prohibits and prevents the illicit import, export and transfer of ownership of cultural property and aims to discourage the pillage of archaeological sites and cultural heritage by controlling international trade in looted antiquities through import controls and other measures. / There may be disturbance to cultural/natural heritage sites in the Project Area.	Ratified
UNESCO Convention concerning the Protection of the World Cultural and Natural Heritage (World Heritage Convention, 1972)	To ensure that effective and active measures are taken for the protection, conservation and presentation of the cultural and natural heritage on its territories. / There may be disturbance to cultural/natural heritage sites in the Project Area.	Ratified
UNESCO Convention for the Safeguarding of the Intangible Cultural Heritage, 2003 (27 Mar 2006)	To safeguard and ensure respect for the world's intangible cultural heritage, including raising awareness of the importance of intangible heritage and encouraging international cooperation and assistance. / There may be disturbance to cultural/natural heritage sites in the Project Area.	Ratified
International Council on Monuments and Sites (ICOMOS) 1990 Charter for the Protection and Management of the	Notes that archaeological heritage is a fragile and non-renewable cultural resource, and that policies for the protection of the archaeological heritage should be integrated into land use, development, planning, cultural, environmental and educational policies. Sets out principles of survey, investigation, maintenance, protection, presentation, information, reconstruction,	Ratified

Air Quality	Purpose	Status
Archaeological Heritage (Lausanne Charter) (11 Oct 1990)	training, international cooperation. / There may be disturbance to cultural/natural heritage sites in the Project Area.	
ICOMOS 1996 Charter for the Protection and Management of the Underwater Archaeological Heritage (Sofia Charter) (9 Oct 1996)	This Charter, intended as a supplement to the ICOMOS Charter for the Protection and Management of Archaeological Heritage, is intended to encourage the protection and management of underwater cultural heritage in inland and inshore waters, in shallow seas and in the deep oceans. Defines fundamental principles, project design, funding, time-table, research objectives, methodology, techniques, and qualifications. / There may be disturbance to cultural/natural heritage sites in the Project Area.	Ratified
Unplanned Events		
International Convention on Oil Pollution Preparedness, Response and Co-operation (OPRC 1990) (Official Gazette Date: 18 Sep 2003)	To set requirements for all ships to carry a shipboard oil pollution emergency plan and to report incidents of pollution to coastal authorities and the convention details the actions that are then to be taken. The convention calls for the establishment of stockpiles of oil spill combating equipment, the holding of oil spill combating exercises and the development of detailed plans for dealing with pollution incidents. / For vessels over 400 tons to be used during the Project will need to carry a Shipboard Oil Pollution Emergency Plan (SOPEP) and comply with regulations in this Convention should any spills occur.	Accession
Waste		
Convention on the Control of Transboundary Movements of Hazardous Wastes and Their Disposal (Basel, 1989) (Official Gazette Date: 22 Jun 1994)	To regulate the transboundary movements of hazardous wastes and provides obligations to its Parties to ensure that such wastes are managed and disposed of in an environmentally sound manner. / The Project may generate hazardous wastes.	Ratified